



PAN ORIENT ENERGY CORP.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017**

May 15, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the operating and financial results of Pan Orient Energy Corp. (Pan Orient or the Company) is prepared effective May 15, 2018 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2017. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Pan Orient is an oil and natural gas company based in Calgary, Alberta, with properties onshore Indonesia and interests in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. which has properties onshore Thailand, and interests in Andora Energy Corporation (Andora) which has properties in northern Alberta, Canada.

Pan Orient holds a 71.8% equity interest in Andora. The accounts of Andora are included in the consolidated financial statements and the 28.2% of non-controlling interest in the net assets of Andora are identified separately from the Company's shareholders' equity.

Pan Orient holds a 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. as a joint arrangement where the Company shares joint control with the 49.99% equity interest holder. The resulting joint arrangement is classified as a Joint Venture under IFRS 11 and is accounted for using the equity method of accounting where Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the assets, liabilities, working capital, operations and capital expenditures of Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. are recorded in Investment in Thailand Joint Venture.

Please note that all amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated, translation of items denominated in foreign currencies as at March 31, 2018 into Canadian dollars using March 31, 2018 exchange rates, represent the net amount to Pan Orient's interests unless otherwise stated, and BOPD refers to barrels of oil per day.

Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A contains forward-looking information within the meaning of securities laws. Forward-looking statements and information concerning anticipated financial performance are based on management's assumptions using information currently available. Material factors or assumptions used to develop forward-looking information include potential business prospects, growth strategies, the ability to add production and reserves through development and exploration activities, projected capital costs, government legislation, well performance, the ability to market production, the commodity price environment and quality differentials and exchange rates. Although management considers its assumptions to be reasonable based on these factors, they may prove to be incorrect.

Forward-looking information is generally identifiable by the terminology used, such as "expect", "believe", "estimate", "should", "anticipate" and "potential" or other similar wording. Forward-looking information in this MD&A includes, but is not limited to, references to: renewal, extension or termination of oil and gas concessions and production sharing contracts; other regulatory approvals; well drilling programs and drilling plans; estimates of reserves and potentially recoverable resources, information on future production and project start-ups, and status of farmout and other transactions; potential purchases of common shares under the normal course issuer bid; and sufficiency of financial resources. By their very nature, the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A require Pan Orient and its management to make assumptions that may not materialize or that may not be accurate. The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors, which could cause actual results, expectations, achievements or performance to differ materially, including without limitation: imprecision of reserves estimates and estimates of recoverable quantities of oil, changes in project schedules, operating and reservoir performance, the effects of weather and climate change, the results of exploration and development drilling and related activities, changes in demand for oil and gas, the results of commercial negotiations, the timing and outcome of applications for government approvals, other technical and economic factors or revisions and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of Pan Orient. Although Pan Orient believes that the expectations reflected in its forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurances that the expectations of any forward-looking statements will prove to be correct.

The Company has provided or may provide forward-looking information with respect to reserves and resources estimates related to Thailand, Indonesia and Canada and estimated costs associated with work commitments in Thailand, Indonesia and Canada. Reserves and resources estimates are prepared by independent reservoir engineers and there are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of oil and the cash flows to be derived therefrom. In general, estimates of economically recoverable volumes and the associated future net cash flows are based upon a number of variable factors and assumptions, such as historical production from the properties, production rates, ultimate reserves recovery, timing and amount of capital expenditures, marketability of commodities, royalty rates, the assumed effects of regulation by governmental agencies and future operating costs, all of which may vary from actual results. All such estimates are to some degree speculative, and classifications of reserves and resources volumes are only attempts to define the degree of speculation involved. The Company's actual production, revenues and development and operating expenditures with respect to its reserves and resources estimates will vary from estimates thereof and such variations could be material. The Company's estimated commitments are based on internally-prepared budgets and assumptions and, in the case where a tender process has been completed, actual contracted amounts. The estimated expenditures as provided by management will vary from the actual amounts required to carry out these commitments, and the difference may be significant.

Because forward-looking information addresses future events and conditions, it involves risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking information. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: commodity price volatility; well performance and marketability of production; transportation and refining availability and costs; exploration and development costs; the recoverability of estimated reserves and resources volumes; the Company's ability to add reserves

through development and exploration activities; fluctuations in currency exchange rates; and changes in government legislation and regulations, including royalty and tax laws.

The forward-looking statements contained herein are as of May 15, 2018 and are subject to change after this date. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors that may affect future results is not exhaustive and as such undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements. Except as required by applicable securities laws, with the exception of events or circumstances that occurred during the period to which this MD&A relates that are reasonably likely to cause actual results to differ materially from material forward-looking information that was previously disclosed to the public, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Non-IFRS Measures

Management uses and reports certain non-IFRS measures in the evaluation of operating and financial performance. Unless identified as a non-IFRS measure in this section all amounts presented in this MD&A are calculated in accordance with IFRS.

Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations is cash flow from (used in) operating activities prior to changes in non-cash working capital, decommissioning expenditures, unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss plus the corresponding amount from the Thailand operations which is recorded in Joint Venture for financial statement purposes. This measure is used by management to analyze operating performance and leverage. Funds flow as presented does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore it may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures of other entities. Funds flow is not intended to represent operating cash flow or operating profits for the period nor should it be viewed as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities, net earnings or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS.

The Company's 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. is accounted for under the equity method as an Investment in a Joint Venture. Funds flow from Investment in Joint Venture is the Company's net interest of the cash generated from operating activities from continuing operations before changes in non-cash working capital from Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd.

The following table reconciles funds flow from (used in) operations to cash flow from (used in) operating activities, which is the most directly comparable measure calculated in accordance with IFRS:

(\$thousands)	Three month ended March 31	
	2018	2017
Cash flow used in operating activities	(4,670)	(1,730)
Changes in non-cash working capital	4,140	215
Decommissioning expenditures and settlements	-	430
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	646	-
Share of funds flow from Investment in Joint Venture	702	913
Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations	818	(172)

Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations, total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations per barrel and total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations per share (basic and diluted) do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Funds flow is not intended to represent operating cash flow or operating profits for the period nor should it be viewed as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities, net earnings or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS. All references to total corporate funds flow throughout this MD&A is cash flow from operating activities prior to changes in non-cash working capital, decommissioning expenditures and settlements, unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss plus the corresponding amount from the Thailand operations which is recorded in Joint Venture for financial statement purposes. Basic and diluted total corporate funds flow per share is calculated in the same manner as basic and diluted earnings or loss per share.

The term %field netback+ is a non-IFRS measure that does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. Pan Orient believes the term provides useful information to investors. %field netback+ is calculated by subtracting royalty, transportation and operating expenses from revenues.

Petroleum and Natural Gas Properties

The Company's interests in principal properties are divided into three distinct groups: 1) partially developed concession located onshore Thailand, held by Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd.; 2) undeveloped onshore interests in Indonesia Production Sharing Contract (PSC); and 3) undeveloped Canadian oil sands leases, held by Andora.

Thailand

Concession L53

At March 31, 2018, the Company held a 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. which is the operator of and holds a 100% working interest in Concession L53/48 (Concession L53) in Thailand. Concession L53 is partially developed, has oil production and an active exploration and development program.

Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. is classified as a Joint Venture under IFRS and accounted for using the equity method. As a jointly controlled Joint Venture, Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the working capital, assets, capital expenditures, liabilities and operations of Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. are recorded as Investment in Thailand Joint Venture. Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. is the Company's only investment in Thailand.

Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. holds a 100% interest in Thailand Concession L53, which has oil production, development and exploration operations. Concession L53 is located approximately 60 kilometers west of Bangkok and consists of 22.22 square kilometers associated with the L53-A, L53-B, L53-D and L53-G fields that are held through production licenses (with a 20 year primary term ending from 2030 to 2037 plus an additional 10 year renewal period that can be applied for) and a 213.91 square kilometer reserved area of exploration lands for a period of up to five years with the payment of a surface reservation fee, which is reimbursable through work program expenditures. The reserved areas will expire in January 2021 after which only the production license areas will be retained. Crude oil revenue at Concession L53 is from sale of oil production to a refinery owned by the Thai National Oil Company.

The December 31, 2017 independent reserves evaluation for Thailand on-shore Concession L53 was prepared for Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd., which is the operator and has a 100% working interest. The evaluation was conducted by Sproule International and was prepared in accordance with Canadian Securities Administrators National Instrument 51-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities. Pan Orient has a 50.01% ownership interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd., but does not have any direct interest in, or control over, the crude oil reserves or operations of on-shore Concession L53. The values at December 31, 2017 identified as Net to Pan Orient's 50.01% Equity Interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. represent 50.01% of Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. reserves and values. Net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd., proved plus probable crude oil reserves were 546,500 barrels at December 31, 2017 from conventional sandstone reservoirs.

Indonesia

East Jabung PSC

Pan Orient holds a 49% non-operated interest in the East Jabung PSC. The East Jabung PSC is located onshore Sumatra and consists of approximately 2,948 square kilometers at March 31, 2018. Pan Orient was awarded the 6,227.72 square kilometers East Jabung PSC in 2011 and relinquished the approximately 3,280 square kilometers of the East Jabung PSC's offshore area in 2013, and this relinquishment was finalized with the Government of Indonesia in October 2014. A 440 kilometer 2D seismic program was completed in 2014. On June 1, 2015 Pan Orient completed a farm-out of a 51% participating interest and operatorship of the East Jabung PSC to a subsidiary of Repsol S.A. Pan Orient received an upfront cash payment of USD\$8 million, a firm commitment by the farminee to fund the first USD\$10 million towards the first exploration well and a contingent commitment to fund the first USD\$5 million towards an appraisal well, if justified.

In 2017, the Ayu-1X and Elok-1X wells were drilled but did not encounter commercial hydrocarbons, however drilling results were encouraging with significant indications of hydrocarbons significantly de-risking the petroleum system in this region. The joint venture has approved a 2018 work program and budget that includes the drilling of the Anggun-1X exploration well. Drilling of Anggun-1X is estimated to commence in about October 2018 with an estimated cost (dry hole) of US\$15.4 (Pan Orient's 49% share of the cost is US\$7.55 million), and a contingent multi-zone testing program will also be conducted if justified by drilling results.

Drilling of the Ayu-1X and Elok-1X exploration wells satisfied the East Jabung PSC firm commitment of two exploration wells to be drilled prior to the expiry of the six year exploration phase. The initial exploration phase of the East Jabung PSC has been extended by the Government of Indonesia to January 20, 2019.

There were no reserves assigned to the PSC at March 31, 2018.

Canada

Andora is a private oil company, in which Pan Orient has a 71.8% ownership. Pan Orient has interests in 88 sections of heavy oilsands leases in Sawn Lake, within the central Alberta Peace River Oil Sands area. Andora is focused on developing the bitumen resources at the Sawn Lake property using steam assisted gravity drainage (SAGD) development.

The Sawn Lake property is in a pre-commercial stage and the commercial viability of the SAGD recovery process at Sawn Lake has not yet been established. No proved or probable reserves were assigned at March 31, 2018.

A SAGD demonstration project at Sawn Lake commenced in 2013 and is located in the Central Block of Sawn Lake where Andora is the operator and holds a 50% working interest. The demonstration project consisted of one SAGD well pair drilled to a depth of 650

meters and a horizontal length of 780 meters and the SAGD facility for steam generation, water handling and bitumen treating. Steam injection commenced in May 2014 and produced bitumen from September 2014 to February 2016. The demonstration project successfully captured the key data associated with the objectives of the demonstration project and operations were suspended at the end of February 2016. The demonstration project has proven that the SAGD process works in the Bluesky formation at Sawn Lake, established characteristics of ramp up through stabilization of SAGD performance, indicated the productive capability, instantaneous steam-oil ratio (%SOR+), and provided critical information required for well and facility design associated with future commercial development. Production results to date are not necessarily indicative of long-term performance or of ultimate recovery and the Sawn Lake demonstration project has not yet proven that it is commercially viable.

The results of the demonstration project were used to update the reservoir model and used as an input in preparing the Update of the Evaluation of the Contingent Bitumen Resources in the Sawn Lake Area of Alberta of Andora Energy Corporation as of June 30, 2016 (Sproule Contingent Bitumen Resources Report+), which is a National Instrument 51-101 compliant resources evaluation for Andora's oil sands interests at Sawn Lake Alberta, Canada, as evaluated by Sproule Unconventional Limited. The evaluation assigned an 85% chance of development for Sawn Lake, or a 15% development risk, and the risked Best Estimate+contingent resources for Andora were 196.9 million barrels of bitumen recoverable (141.4 million barrels net to Pan Orient's 71.8% equity interest in Andora). Andora's unrisked Best Estimate+ contingent resources were 231.6 million barrels (166.3 million net to Pan Orient's 71.8% equity interest in Andora) of recoverable bitumen as at June 30, 2016. The June 30, 2016 Contingent Resources Report by Sproule represents an update of a December 31, 2014 Contingent Resources Report also by Sproule. The June 30, 2016 report was updated for results of the Sawn Lake demonstration project, the June 30, 2016 price forecasts for crude oil, bitumen, natural gas and exchange rates, and a revised date of 2020 for the estimated commencement of commercial production. There was no change to the geology or the industry standard development strategy.

At March 31, 2018 Andora had interests in 88 sections of Alberta oil sands leases at Sawn Lake. Andora is the operator of 37 sections, where it has a working interest of either 50% or 100%. The five Sawn Lake Alberta Crown oil sands leases operated by Andora (with 37 sections) contain 99.3% of the June 30, 2016 assigned contingent resources. With respect to the lands operated by Andora, three of the leases (with 22.75 sections) have an expiry date of July 10, 2018. In January 2018, Andora received approval for continuation of 21.75 sections in these three leases and the one section which was not continued had not been assigned contingent resources. The other two oil sands leases (with 14.25 sections), where Andora is the operator with a 100% working interest, have expiry dates for the initial term of the leases in 2021 or 2023. The six oil sands leases operated by another company (with 51 sections), where Andora is a non-operator with a 10% working interest, have expiry dates for the initial term of the leases of 2018 or 2019. These non-operated leases contain 0.7% of the June 30, 2016 assigned contingent resources of Andora. With respect to the non-operated leases with an expiry date in July 2018 it is uncertain to what extent leases for those 20 sections will be continued.

Regulatory approval was received on December 5, 2017 for potential commercial expansion to 3200 BOPD at the Sawn Lake, Alberta SAGD project (in which Andora has a 50% working interest and is the operator) using Andora's proprietary Produced Water Boiler. Commercial expansion to 3200 BOPD would include a reactivation of the demonstration project SAGD facility and existing wellpairs, drilling of an additional four wellpairs and expansion of the facility to generate the additional necessary steam. It is anticipated that additional steam generation would include the test installation of the Andora proprietary Produced Water Boiler. Andora believes that its Produced Water Boiler could achieve significant benefits for Sawn Lake SAGD field and enable development using a series of battery scale+SAGD facilities (as supposed to a central processing facility). The lead time to acquiring the necessary equipment and commencing operations would be approximately 18 months and another 6 months is required for the start of bitumen production (after development of the steam chamber). An expansion is dependent on completion of detailed engineering and a higher commodity price environment to support project economics and financing.

Summarized financial information with respect to Andora is as follows:

Andora Energy Corporation (\$thousands)	As at and for the Three months ended March 31	
	2018	2017
Total assets	84,148	84,254
Total liabilities	8,826	8,676
Funds flow used in operations	(101)	(67)
Net loss	(88)	(125)

Andora entered into a convertible loan agreement with Pan Orient on January 30, 2018 whereby Andora can draw up to \$2 million against a revolving credit facility. The loan bears interest at HSBC Canada prime rate for commercial loans in Canadian dollars plus three percent, per annum. Any principal drawn against the credit facility, including accrued interest (collectively, outstanding amount+), is repayable upon demand or by December 31, 2022, whichever is earlier. Security for repayment of any outstanding amount is provided by a general security agreement creating a first fixed charge over all of Andora's property, subject to certain permitted encumbrances. Pan Orient has the option under the loan agreement to convert the outstanding amount, or a portion thereof, into Andora's common shares at a price of \$0.15 per share. As of March 31, 2018, Andora had drawn \$250,000 against the credit facility.

Financial and Operating Summary
(thousands of Canadian dollars except where indicated)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		% Change
	2018	2017	
FINANCIAL			
Financial Statement Results – Excluding 50.01% Interest in Thailand Joint Venture (Note 1)			
Net loss attributed to common shareholders	(338)	(1,514)	-78%
Per share . basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)	-79%
Cash flow used in operating activities (Note 2)	(4,670)	(1,730)	170%
Per share . basic and diluted	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.03)	184%
Cash flow used in investing activities (Note 2)	(1,573)	(807)	95%
Per share . basic and diluted	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.01)	187%
Working capital	36,159	43,018	-16%
Working capital & non-current deposits	36,867	47,344	-22%
Long-term debt	-	-	
Shares outstanding (thousands)	54,900	54,885	0%
Capital Commitments (Note 3)	104	2,212	-95%
Working Capital and Non-current Deposits			
Beginning of period	36,897	49,818	-26%
Funds flow from (used in) operations (excl. Thailand joint venture) (Note 4)	116	(1,085)	-111%
Consolidated capital expenditures (Note 5)	(303)	(937)	-68%
Amounts advanced to Thailand joint venture	25	24	4%
Disposal of petroleum and natural gas assets (Note 6)	133	-	100%
Settlement of decommissioning liabilities	-	(430)	-100%
Effect of foreign exchange	(1)	(46)	-98%
End of period	36,867	47,344	-22%
Economic Results – Including 50.01% Interest in Thailand Joint Venture (Note 7)			
Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations by region (Note 4)			
Canada (Note 8)	244	(589)	-141%
Thailand (Notes 1 & 9)	(13)	(15)	-13%
Indonesia	(115)	(481)	-76%
Funds flow from (used in) operations (excl. Thailand Joint Venture)	116	(1,085)	-111%
Share of Thailand Joint Venture (Note 7)	702	913	-23%
Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations	818	(172)	-576%
Per share . basic and diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.00)	
Capital Expenditures - Petroleum and natural gas properties (Note 5)			
Canada (Note 8)	218	235	-7%
Indonesia	85	702	-88%
Consolidated capital expenditures (excl. Thailand joint venture)	303	937	-68%
Share of Thailand Joint Venture capital expenditures	466	94	396%
Total capital expenditures (incl. Thailand joint venture)	769	1,031	-25%
Disposition - Petroleum and natural gas properties (Note 6)	(133)	-	-100%
Investment in Thailand Joint Venture			
Beginning of period	32,185	32,795	-2%
Net loss from Joint Venture	(191)	(178)	7%
Other comprehensive gain from Joint Venture	1,906	723	163%
Amounts received from Joint Venture	(25)	(24)	4%
End of period	33,875	33,316	2%

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31,		%
<i>(thousands of Canadian dollars except where indicated)</i>	2018	2017	Change
Thailand Operations			
Economic Results – Including 50.01% Interest in Thailand Joint Venture (Note 7)			
Oil sales (bbls)	16,370	22,014	-26%
Average daily oil sales (BOPD) by Concession L53	182	245	-26%
Average oil sales price, before transportation (CDN\$/bbl)	\$ 75.50	\$ 65.50	15%
Reference Price (volume weighted) and differential			
Crude oil (Brent \$US/bbl)	\$ 66.92	\$ 53.72	25%
Exchange Rate \$US/\$Cdn	1.30	1.35	-4%
Crude oil (Brent \$Cdn/bbl)	\$ 87.09	\$ 72.58	20%
Sale price / Brent reference price	87%	90%	-4%
Funds flow from (used in) operations (Note 4)			
Crude oil sales	1,236	1,442	-14%
Government royalty	(60)	(71)	-15%
Transportation expense	(28)	(35)	-20%
Operating expense	(260)	(237)	10%
Field netback	888	1,099	-19%
General and administrative expense (Note 9)	(194)	(202)	-4%
Foreign exchange gain	1	1	0%
Thailand - Funds flow from operations	695	898	-23%
Funds flow from (used in) operations / barrel (CDN\$/bbl) (Note 4)			
Crude oil sales	\$ 75.50	\$ 65.50	15%
Government royalty	(3.67)	(3.23)	13%
Transportation expense	(1.71)	(1.59)	8%
Operating expense	(15.88)	(10.77)	47%
Field netback	54.24	49.92	9%
General and administrative expense (Note 9)	(11.85)	(9.18)	29%
Foreign exchange loss	0.06	0.05	22%
Thailand - Funds flow from operations	\$ 42.45	\$ 40.79	4%
Government royalty as percentage of crude oil sales	5%	5%	0%
Income tax & SRB as percentage of crude oil sales	-	-	0%
As percentage of crude oil sales			
Expenses - transportation, operating, G&A and other	39%	33%	6%
Government royalty, SRB and income tax	5%	5%	0%
Funds flow from operations, before interest income	56%	62%	-6%
Financial Statement Presentation			
Results – Excl. 50.01% Interest in Thailand Joint Venture (Note 1)			
General and administrative expense (Notes 9)	(13)	(15)	-13%
Funds flow used in consolidated operations	(13)	(15)	-13%
Fund flow Included in Investment in Thailand Joint Venture			
Net loss from Thailand Joint Venture	(191)	(178)	7%
Add back non-cash items in net loss	893	1,091	-18%
Funds flow from Thailand Joint Venture	702	913	-23%
Thailand . Economic funds flow from operations (Note 7)	689	898	-23%
Canada Operations (Note 8)			
Interest income	102	59	73%
General and administrative expenses (Note 9)	(514)	(560)	-8%
Realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss)	656	(236)	-378%
Current income tax	-	148	-100%
Canada . Funds flow from (used in) operations	244	(589)	-141%
Indonesia Operations			
General and administrative expense (Note 9)	(70)	(499)	-86%
Exploration expense (Note 10)	(1)	(5)	-80%
Realized foreign exchange gain (loss)	(44)	23	-291%
Indonesia . Funds flow used in operations	(115)	(481)	-76%

- (1) Pan Orient holds a 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. as a joint arrangement where the Company shares joint control with the 49.99% equity interest holder. The resulting joint arrangement is classified as a Joint Venture under IFRS 11 and is accounted for using the equity method of accounting where Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the assets, liabilities, working capital, operations and capital expenditures of Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. are recorded in Investment in Thailand Joint Venture.
- (2) As set out in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Pan Orient Energy Corp.
- (3) Refer to Commitments in Note 11 of the March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (4) Total corporate funds flow from operations is cash flow from operating activities prior to changes in non-cash working capital, decommissioning expenditures and settlements, unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss plus the corresponding amount from the Thailand operations which is recorded in Joint Venture for financial statement purposes. This measure is used by management to analyze operating performance and leverage. Funds flow as presented does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore it may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures of other entities. Funds flow is not intended to represent operating cash flow or operating profits for the period nor should it be viewed as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities, net earnings or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS.
- (5) Cost of capital expenditures, excluding decommissioning costs, the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates and capitalized stock-based compensation expense.
- (6) In 2018, the Sawn Lake joint venture sold some inventory of pipe to outside third party.
- (7) For the purpose of providing more meaningful economic results from operations for Thailand, the amounts presented include 50.01% of results of the Thailand joint venture.
- (8) The Sawn Lake Demonstration Project in Alberta has not yet proven that it is commercially viable and all related costs and revenues are being capitalized as exploration and evaluation assets until commercial viability is achieved.
- (9) General & administrative expenses, excluding non-cash accretion on decommissioning provision. The nominal amount of G&A shown in the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 for Thailand operations related to G&A of the holding company of Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd.
- (10) Exploration expense relates to exploration costs associated with the Batu Gajah PSCs in Indonesia.
- (11) Tables may not add due to rounding.

2018 FIRST QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

- Permitting activities related to the drilling of the Anggun-1X exploration well at the East Jabung PSC in Indonesia continues with the exact timing of a key permit approval expected to be better defined within the next few weeks. Upon receipt of this permit approval, road construction will commence immediately. The commencement of drilling Anggun-1X has been revised by the operator to October 2018 with further possible revisions based on the timing of the approval of the key permit.
- Oil sales, net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture, were 182 BOPD in the first quarter of 2018, with funds flow from operations of \$0.7 million (\$42.45 per barrel). The multi-well workover program has been completed and oil sales in April increased to 256 BOPD, net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest.
- Total corporate funds flow from operations in the first quarter of 2018 was \$0.8 million, including Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture, and the net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$0.3 million.
- Pan Orient has a strong financial position for the planned exploration activities at the East Jabung PSC in Indonesia and at Concession L53 in Thailand with working capital and non-current deposits at March 31, 2018 of \$36.9 million and no long-term debt.

2018 FIRST QUARTER RESULTS

- Net loss attributable to common shareholders for the first quarter of 2018 of \$0.3 million (\$0.01 loss per share) compared with \$0.6 million (\$0.01 loss per share) in the fourth quarter of 2017.
- For the first quarter of 2018, the Company recorded total corporate funds flow from operations, which includes the economic results of the 50.01% interest in the Thailand joint venture, of \$0.8 million (\$0.01 per share) compared with \$0.5 million (\$0.01 per share) in the fourth quarter of 2017.
- Pan Orient had limited capital expenditures in the first quarter of 2018 as preparations are underway in Indonesia for drilling of the Anggun-1X exploration well, and as Pan Orient's 71.8% subsidiary Andora Energy Corporation continues to work towards a potential commercial expansion at the Sawn Lake SAGD property of Andora after receiving regulatory approval in December 2017. Capital expenditures of \$0.3 million incurred in the first quarter of 2018, with \$0.1 million in Indonesia associated with the East Jabung PSC, and \$0.2 million in Canada at Sawn Lake. In addition, Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures was \$0.5 million primarily for the multi-well workover program, which was recorded in the Investment in Thailand Joint Venture.
- At March 31, 2018 Pan Orient had \$36.9 million of working capital and non-current deposits. Working capital and non-current deposits were comprised of \$32.1 million cash, \$5.7 million of Indonesian and Canadian accounts and taxes receivable, \$0.7 million of non-current deposits, and less accounts payable of \$1.6 million. In addition, Pan Orient's Investment in Thailand Joint Venture includes \$5.4 million of Thailand working capital and non-current deposits and \$2.0 million of equipment inventory to be utilized for future Thailand Joint Venture operations.

- Pan Orient renewed its normal course issuer bid in April 2018 and Pan Orient is authorized to purchase, for cancellation, up to 4,514,494 of its common shares during the period from April 30, 2018 to April 30, 2019. No common shares have been repurchased under this renewed normal course issuer bid.
- Results net to Pan Orient 50.01% interest in the Thailand Joint Venture for Concession L53
 - Average oil sales of 182 BOPD during the first quarter of 2018 and generated \$0.7 million in funds flow from operations, or \$45.42 per barrel. This compares with 233 BOPD in the fourth quarter of 2017 and \$42.01 per barrel in funds flow from operations. The average realized sales price per barrel increased 7% from \$70.80 in the fourth quarter of 2017 to \$75.50 in the first quarter of 2018.
 - Per barrel amounts during the first quarter of 2018 were a realized price for oil sales of \$75.50, transportation expenses of \$1.71, operating expenses of \$15.88, general and administrative expenses of \$11.85 and a 5% royalty to the Thailand government of \$3.67. Oil sales revenue during this period was allocated 39% to expenses for transportation, operating, and general & administrative, 5% to the government of Thailand for royalties, and 56% to the Thailand Joint Venture. No Thailand petroleum income taxes or Special Remuneratory Benefit tax were recorded during the quarter.

OUTLOOK

INDONESIA

East Jabung PSC, Onshore Sumatra (Pan Orient 49% ownership & Non Operator)

Drilling of the Anggun-1X exploration well is estimated to commence in about October 2018, subject to permit approval timing described earlier, with an estimated cost (dry hole) of US\$15.4 (Pan Orient 49% share US\$7.55 million). A contingent multi-zone testing program will also be conducted if justified by drilling results.

THAILAND

Concession L53 Onshore (Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd., in which Pan Orient has 50.01% ownership)

Concession L53 is benefiting from the strengthening of world crude oil prices and continues to generate funds flow from operations as a low cost operation and limited capital expenditures. The remaining 2018 Thailand capital program is expected to include one exploration well and an appraisal well at L53-B with drilling commencing in the fourth quarter. On the basis of strong oil prices and the success of the first multi-well workover program, a second three well workover program will commence in July 2018. Exploration and development activities in 2018 are expected to be financed by Thailand working capital and funds flow from operations.

CANADA

Sawn Lake (Operated by Andora, in which Pan Orient has a 71.8% ownership)

Pan Orient continues to move forward towards potential commercial expansion to 3200 BOPD at the Sawn Lake, Alberta steam assisted gravity drainage (SAGD) project (in which Andora has a 50% working interest and is the operator) using Andora's proprietary Produced Water Boiler. The potential expansion has an estimated cost of approximately \$50 - \$60 million (on a 100% working interest basis) and bitumen production would commence about 24 months after an investment decision by Andora and its partners. Although the WTI reference price for crude oil has strengthened and the differential between WTI and the Western Canada Select reference price for heavy oil has narrowed in recent months, it is recognized that stable heavy oil prices will have a significant impact on any decision by the Sawn Lake partners regarding the timing and extent of future development, and the ability to finance the project.

Corporate

Pan Orient is maintaining a strong cash balance, denominated mainly in United States dollar deposits, to conduct key exploration and development activities and ensure financial flexibility. With an asset portfolio in Indonesia, Thailand and Canada, Pan Orient constantly reviews its exploration and development asset portfolio in with the aim of maximizing corporate value and achieving the best allocation of resources.

Net Loss from Thailand Joint Venture

The Company holds a 50.01% equity interest in Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. (POE), which is considered a Joint Venture under IFRS and is accounted for using the equity method. Distributions received from the joint venture reduce the carrying amount of the investment whereas funding to the joint venture increases the carrying amount. The Company's profit or loss includes its share of the joint venture's profit or loss and the Company's other comprehensive income includes its share of the joint venture's other comprehensive income or loss.

Losses from Joint Venture Pan Orient Energy (Siam) Ltd. (Net to Pan Orient 50.01%)	Three months ended March 31			
	2018		2017	
	\$000s	\$ per bbl	\$000s	\$ per bbl
Crude oil revenue	1,236	75.50	1,442	65.50
Government royalty	(60)	(3.67)	(71)	(3.23)
Transportation expense	(28)	(1.71)	(35)	(1.59)
Production and Operating expense	(260)	(15.88)	(237)	(10.77)
Field netback	888	54.24	1,099	49.92
General and administrative	(187)	(11.42)	(187)	(8.49)
Foreign exchange gain	1	0.06	2	0.09
Funds flow from operations	702	42.88	914	41.52
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	(849)	(51.86)	(1,114)	(50.60)
Accretion	(14)	(0.86)	(7)	(0.32)
Exploration expense	(51)	(3.12)	-	-
Deferred tax recovery	120	7.33	111	5.04
Net loss	(92)	(5.62)	(96)	(4.36)
Amortization of fair value adjustment	(99)	(6.05)	(82)	(3.72)
Net loss from Joint Venture	(191)	(11.67)	(178)	(8.09)

Note: Tables may not add due to rounding

Crude oil revenue earned within Thailand Joint Venture, net to Pan Orient 50.01% equity interest

Oil sales from Concession L53 in Thailand averaged 182 BOPD during the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 233 BOPD during the fourth quarter of 2017 and 245 BOPD during the first quarter of 2017. Production has increased to 265 BOPD in April of 2018 after completion of multi-well workover program.

Oil sales revenue from Concession L53 was \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$1.5 million in the fourth quarter of 2017 and the first quarter of 2017. Revenue in the first quarter of 2018 was lower than the other comparative periods due to lower production offset by higher realized prices. The realized price per barrel was \$75.50 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$70.80 during the fourth quarter of 2017 and \$65.50 during the first quarter of 2017.

The realized sales price from the Thailand Joint Venture has historically been in the range of 85% to 95% of the Brent reference price, with the discount attributed to the high paraffin content of the petroleum and a portion which is heavier crude. The realized price from the Thailand Joint Venture was 87% of the Brent reference price for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 89% for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 90% for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Royalties expense incurred within Thailand Joint Venture, net to Pan Orient 50.01% equity interest

The Thailand Joint Venture pays royalties on oil revenue from Concession L53 in Thailand. Royalties in Thailand are paid to the Thailand government and are based on production volumes per concession ranging from 5% on production of less than 2,000 BOPD to 15% on production over 20,000 BOPD. The Company's royalties averaged 5% of revenue during the first quarter of 2018 and was consistent with the prior quarters.

Transportation expense incurred within Thailand Joint Venture, net to Pan Orient 50.01% equity interest

The Thailand Joint Venture incurs transportation costs to truck oil produced from Concession L53 in Thailand to the refinery in Bangkok. Transportation expense is based on production volumes. During the first quarter of 2018, Pan Orient's share of the transportation expense within the Thailand Joint Venture averaged \$1.71 per barrel compared to \$1.63 per barrel in fourth quarter of 2017 and \$1.54 in the first quarter of 2017.

Production and operating expense incurred within Thailand Joint Venture, net to Pan Orient 50.01% equity interest

The Thailand Joint Venture incurs production and operating costs related to oil produced at Concession L53 in Thailand. Production and operating costs on a per barrel basis were \$15.88 per barrel in the first quarter of 2018 compared to \$13.74 per barrel in the fourth quarter of 2017 and \$10.77 per barrel in the first quarter of 2017 due to higher personnel and water hauling expenses and some fixed costs do not increase or decrease with production volume.

Depletion, Depreciation & Amortization (DD&A) incurred within Thailand Joint Venture, net to Pan Orient 50.01% equity interest

DD&A was \$51.86 per barrel during the first quarter of 2018 compared to \$49.09 per barrel during the fourth quarter of 2017 and \$50.60 per barrel during the first quarter of 2017. On a per barrel basis, the DD&A in the first quarter of 2018 was higher than other comparative periods due to a higher cost base and lower oil production.

Taxes

(\$thousands)	Three months ended March 31	
	2018	2017
Current tax recovery	-	(148)
Deferred tax recovery	(29)	(54)
Total tax recovery	(29)	(202)

All taxes receivable, payable, expense and recovery are calculated based on management's application of current income tax laws in the jurisdictions where the taxes arise and may be assessed differently by the respective taxation authorities.

General and Administrative ("G&A") Expenses

(\$thousands)	Three months ended March 31	
	2018	2017
Canada	587	634
Indonesia	210	504
Thailand (excluding Thailand Joint Venture)	13	15
Total G&A, net of overhead recoveries ⁽¹⁾	810	1,153
Allocated to capital projects ⁽²⁾	(213)	(79)
Cash G&A	597	1,074
Accretion expenses	11	8
Consolidated G&A expense	608	1,082
Share of G&A from Thailand Joint Venture	187	187
Accretion from Thailand Joint Venture	14	7
Total G&A attributable to the economic interests of Pan Orient (including 50.01% interest in Thailand Joint Venture)	809	1,276

(1) Overhead recoveries represent the portion of Pan Orient's G&A expenses charged by Andora, as operator, to the Sawn Lake joint venture operations and capital projects. Overhead recoveries were \$8 thousand and \$13 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(2) Capitalized G&A allocated to capital projects represents compensation and other directly attributable costs associated with property acquisition, and exploration and development activities. Capitalized G&A relates to exploration and development activities at the East Jabung PSC in Indonesia and the Company's heavy oil demonstration project in Canada. Amounts capitalized reflect the nature of the Company's capital activities and are reassessed in each reporting period.

Total G&A, net of recoveries, was or lower during the first quarter of 2018 than 2017 mainly attributed to higher capitalization of G&A in the Indonesia operation and lower personnel and legal expense.

Capital Invested

	Three months ended March 31			
	2018		2017	
	\$000s	Net wells drilled	\$000s	Net wells drilled
Capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾				
Indonesia	85	-	702	-
Canada	218	-	235	-
Consolidated capital expenditures	303	-	937	-
Share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	466	-	94	-
Total capital expenditures attributable to the economic interest of Pan Orient (including 50.01% interest in Thailand Joint Venture)	769	-	1,031	-

(1) Excluding foreign exchange and decommissioning costs.

(2) Pan Orient's 50.01% share of capital expenditures in the Thailand Joint Venture are accounted for using the equity method as an Investment in a Joint Venture.

Thailand

The Company's share of capital expenditures from the Thailand Joint Venture for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were \$0.5 million comprised of workovers and capitalized G&A.

Indonesia

Capital expenditures in Indonesia for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were \$0.1 million related to Ayu-1X exploration well and capitalized G&A expenses.

Canada

Capital expenditures in Canada for the three months ended March 31, 2018 of \$0.2 million for capitalization of ongoing expenses at the demonstration project facility, engineering for the Produced Water Boiler, and capitalized G&A. During the first quarter of 2018, the Sawn Lake joint venture sold some inventory of pipe to outside third party for \$133 thousand.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Pan Orient's capital program, including the 50.01% share of the Thailand Joint Venture, was \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and was financed from existing working capital and funds flow from operations within the Thailand Joint Venture. At March 31, 2018 the Company's working capital plus non-current deposits was \$36.9 million compared to \$36.9 million at December 31, 2017. The Company had estimated outstanding capital commitments of \$104 thousand at March 31, 2018 compared to \$139 thousand at December 31, 2017. In addition to Pan Orient's consolidated working capital and non-current deposits, its investment in the Thailand Joint Venture includes \$5.4 million of its share of working capital and non-current deposits and \$2.0 million of equipment inventory to be utilized for future operations of the Thailand Joint Venture.

At March 31, 2018 Pan Orient's consolidated cash and cash equivalents were held in the jurisdictions where the Company operates as follows:

(\$thousands)	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents held in Canada	31,744	37,318
Cash and cash equivalents held in Indonesia	320	344
Consolidated cash and cash equivalents	32,064	37,662

Non-current deposits of \$0.8 million at March 31, 2018 consisted of \$0.1 million work deposit to be refunded at the expired Batu Gajah PSC, \$0.1 million deposit with brokerage firm for normal course issuer bid and \$0.6 million deposited with the Alberta energy regulator in Canada for the interests of Andora at Sawn Lake.

Share Capital

Outstanding (thousands)	May 15, 2018	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Common shares	54,900	54,900	54,900
Stock options	4,991	4,991	3,431
Total	59,891	59,891	58,331

During the first quarter of 2018, the Company granted options to directors, officers and employees to purchase an aggregate of 1,560,000 common shares under the Company's stock option plan. Each option has an exercise price of \$1.09 (being the February 7, 2018 closing price of the shares on the TSX Venture Exchange), vests as to one-third on the grant date and one-third on each of the first and second anniversaries of the grant date and expires on February 7, 2023.

Subsequent to March 31, 2018, the Company renewed its normal course issuer bid through the TSX-V to continue the ability to purchase its common shares. Under the terms of the bid, Pan Orient is authorized to purchase, for cancellation, up to 4,514,494 of its common shares (10% of the public float), subject to a maximum of 1,098,008 common shares (2% of the 54,900,407 issued and outstanding common shares) during any 30 day period. The ability to purchase common shares under the bid commenced on April 30, 2018 and ends one year after commencement or on the earlier date on which Pan Orient has either acquired the maximum number of common shares specified above or otherwise decided not to make any further purchases. No shares were purchased between April 30, 2018 and the approval date of the MD&A.

Foreign Exchange

The Company's reporting currency is the Canadian dollar and its functional currencies are the Canadian dollar, the Thai baht and the U.S. dollar. In each reporting period, the changes in the values of the Thai baht and U.S. dollar relative to the Company's reporting currency are recognized. The period end rates used to translate the Company's Thai baht and U.S. dollar denominated financial statement items for the reporting periods as specified are as follows:

	2018	2017				2016		
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Rate at end of period								
Thai baht / Cdn \$ exchange	23.89	25.67	26.49	25.85	25.51	26.23	26.01	26.81
Cdn \$ / US \$ exchange	1.29	1.25	1.25	1.30	1.33	1.35	1.31	1.30

The Company holds U.S. dollars within Canada to meet U.S. dollar cash requirements of its foreign operations. At March 31, 2018 the Company held \$15.3 million denominated in U.S. dollars as cash and cash equivalents.

Thailand joint venture operations use Thai baht and Indonesia operations use the U.S. dollar as their functional currencies for reporting. These foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at each reporting period end with the unrealized translation gain or loss recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (%AOCI+).

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in the consolidated statement of financial position is reported as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31	
(\$thousands)	2018	2017
AOCI, beginning of period	1,238	1,377
Unrealized foreign currency translation gain (loss) from Indonesia	348	(97)
Unrealized foreign currency translation gain from Thailand joint venture	1,906	723
AOCI, end of period	3,492	2,003

Summary of Quarterly Results

	2018	2017				2016		
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Financial (\$thousands) except as indicated ⁽¹⁾								
Interest revenue	102	88	90	71	59	51	51	30
Cash flow from (used in) operating activity	(4,670)	(485)	447	(1,586)	(1,730)	82	6,379	2,356
Total assets	170,494	172,400	170,994	171,203	173,438	174,392	273,737	271,317
Working capital & non-current deposits	36,867	36,897	40,416	45,908	47,344	49,818	49,945	51,082
Shares outstanding (thousands)	54,900	54,900	54,900	54,900	54,885	54,885	54,885	54,885
Net loss ⁽²⁾	(338)	(578)	(1,816)	(1,224)	(1,514)	(78,149)	(876)	(1,591)
Loss per share basic and diluted (\$)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.03)	(1.42)	(0.02)	(0.03)
Operations (\$thousands), including share of Thailand Joint Venture								
Oil revenue (BOPD) net to Pan Orient ⁽³⁾	182	233	262	274	245	290	236	238
Funds flow from (used in) operations ⁽⁴⁾	818	507	(762)	(249)	(172)	1,249	299	(783)
Capital expenditures ⁽⁵⁾	769	3,922	3,981	803	1,031	1,444	1,459	844
Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations (\$/bbl) ⁽⁴⁾								
Realized crude oil price	75.50	70.80	60.44	62.78	65.50	60.22	50.68	46.74
Royalties	(3.67)	(3.35)	(3.07)	(3.08)	(3.23)	(3.00)	(2.49)	(2.31)
Transportation & operating	(17.59)	(15.37)	(12.90)	(11.93)	(12.36)	(12.36)	(13.03)	(11.58)
Field Netback - Thailand Joint Venture	54.24	52.07	44.47	47.77	49.92	44.87	35.16	32.85
General and administrative ⁽⁶⁾	(47.89)	(40.29)	(33.89)	(32.15)	(57.28)	(35.54)	(41.01)	(41.85)
Exploration ⁽⁷⁾	(0.06)	-	-	-	(0.23)	3.78	(0.18)	(37.56)
Interest income	6.23	4.70	3.77	3.12	2.68	1.91	2.35	1.62
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(1.95)	7.13	(45.96)	(28.71)	(9.63)	26.14	11.37	1.02
Current income tax recovery	-	-	-	-	6.72	5.62	6.08	7.80
Total corporate funds flow from (used in) operations	10.57	23.61	(31.61)	(9.97)	(7.82)	46.78	13.77	(36.12)

(1) Amounts presented were set out in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Pan Orient Energy Corp.

(2) Net income (loss) attributed to common shareholders.

(3) Oil revenue generated within the Thailand Joint Venture, net to Pan Orient.

(4) Total corporate funds flow from operations is cash flow from operating activities prior to changes in non-cash working capital, decommissioning expenditures, unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss plus the corresponding amount from the Thailand operations which is recorded in Joint Venture for financial statement purposes. This measure is used by management to analyze operating performance and leverage. Funds flow as presented does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore it may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures of other entities. Funds flow is not intended to represent operating cash flow or operating profits for the period nor should it be viewed as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities, net earnings or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS.

(5) Including the 50.01% interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Excluding decommissioning costs, impact of change in foreign exchange rates and capitalized stock-based compensation expense.

(6) General and administrative costs excluding accretion expense on decommissioning costs.

(7) Exploration expense consists of exploration costs incurred at the Batu Gajah and Citarum PSCs in Indonesia.

(8) Tables may not add due to rounding.

Q2 2016 . Corporate funds flow used in operations was \$0.8 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$0.5 million with average daily oil sales of 238 BOPD from Concession L53 (\$24.73 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$1.6 million (\$0.03 loss per share) for the quarter, resulting primarily from \$0.7 million in G&A expenses, loss of \$0.4 million from investment in Joint Venture and \$0.8 million exploration expense offset in part by a \$0.4 million current and deferred tax recovery. Capital expenditures of \$0.8 million in the quarter, including Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures, with \$0.5 million in Canada on the SAGD demonstration of Andora at Sawn Lake, Alberta and \$0.3 million in Indonesia and Thailand primary related to capitalized G&A. At June 30, 2016, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$51.1 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q3 2016 . Corporate funds flow from operations was \$0.3 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$0.6 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 236 BOPD (\$26.74 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$0.9 million (\$0.02 loss per share) for the quarter, resulting primarily from \$0.7 million in G&A expenses and a loss of \$0.4 million from investment in Joint Venture. Capital expenditures of \$1.5 million in the quarter, including Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures, with \$0.2 million in Canada on the SAGD demonstration of Andora at Sawn Lake, Alberta and \$0.8 million in Indonesia primary related to capitalized G&A and accrued sub-surface Land and Building Tax related to the East Jabung PSC and \$0.4 million in Thailand related to workovers. At September 30, 2016, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$49.9 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q4 2016 . Corporate funds flow from operations was \$1.2 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$1.0 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 290 BOPD (\$37.30 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$78.1 million (\$1.42 loss per share) for the quarter, resulting primarily from a \$79.7 million impairment expense relating to the Batu Gajah PSC. Capital expenditures of \$1.4 million in the quarter, including Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures, with \$0.2 million in Canada on the SAGD demonstration of Andora at Sawn Lake, Alberta and \$0.2 million in Indonesia primary related to capitalized G&A and \$1.0 million in Thailand related to workovers and drilling the ANE-A1 exploration well. The ANE-A1 exploration well at the A+North East prospect failed to encounter hydrocarbons. At December 31, 2016, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$49.8 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q1 2017 . Corporate funds flow used in operations was \$0.2 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$0.9 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 245 BOPD (\$40.79 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$1.5 million (\$0.03 per share) for the quarter. Capital expenditures of \$1.0 million in the quarter, including Pan Orient's share of Thailand Joint Venture capital expenditures, with \$0.2 million in Canada related to drilling of a core well associated with lease retention, engineering design work associated with the Produced Water Boiler and capitalized expenses on the Sawn Lake project in Andora, \$0.7 million in Indonesia primary related to seismic reprocessing at the East Jabung PSC and \$0.1 million in Thailand related to equipment inventory purchase. At March 31, 2017, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$47.3 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q2 2017 . Total corporate funds flow used in operations of \$0.2 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$1.0 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 274 BOPD (\$40.52 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$1.2 million (\$0.02 per share) for the quarter. Pan Orient had capital expenditures of \$0.3 million in the second quarter of 2017, with \$0.1 million in Indonesia for capitalized general & administrative expenses and \$0.2 million in Canada at the Sawn Lake SAGD property of Andora. In addition, Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures was \$0.5 million for workover activity. At June 30, 2017, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$45.9 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q3 2017 . Total corporate funds flow used in operations of \$0.8 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$0.9 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 262 BOPD (\$35.92 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$1.8 million (\$0.03 per share) for the quarter. Pan Orient had capital expenditures of \$3.7 million in the third quarter of 2017, with \$3.3 million in Indonesia for costs associated with drilling of the Ayu-1X and Elok-1X wells and capitalized general & administrative expenses, and \$0.4 million in Canada at the Sawn Lake SAGD property of Andora. In addition, Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures was \$0.3 million for equipment inventory purchases and capitalized general & administrative expenses. At September 30, 2017, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$40.4 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q4 2017 . Total corporate funds flow used in operations of \$0.5 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$0.9 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 233 BOPD (\$42.01 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$0.6 million (\$0.01 per share) for the quarter. Pan Orient had capital expenditures of \$2.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2017, with \$2.7 million in Indonesia for costs associated with drilling of the Ayu-1X and Elok-1X wells and capitalized general & administrative expenses, and \$0.2 million in Canada at the Sawn Lake SAGD property of Andora. In addition, Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures was \$1.0 million for the drilling of the L53-AC-C1 exploration well and capitalized general & administrative expenses. At December 31, 2017, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$36.9 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Q1 2018 – Total corporate funds flow from operations of \$0.8 million. Funds flow from operations in Thailand was \$0.7 million with average daily oil sales from Concession L53 of 182 BOPD (\$42.45 per barrel), net to Pan Orient's 50.01% equity interest in the Thailand Joint Venture. Net loss attributable to common shareholders was \$0.3 million (\$0.01 per share) for the quarter. Pan Orient had capital expenditures of \$0.3 million in the first quarter of 2018, with \$0.1 million in Indonesia for costs associated with the Anggun-1X exploration well and capitalized general & administrative expenses, and \$0.2 million in Canada at the Sawn Lake SAGD property of Andora. In addition, Pan Orient's share of Thailand joint venture capital expenditures was \$0.7 million for workover activities and capitalized general & administrative expenses. The Sawn Lake joint venture sold some inventory of pipe to outside third party for \$133 thousand. At March 31, 2018, working capital and non-current deposits totaled \$36.9 million and the Company had no long-term debt.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com



PAN ORIENT ENERGY CORP.

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